#### TIME OF HIRE PAMPHLET

This pamphlet, or a similar one that has been approved by the Administrative Director, must be given to all newly hired employees in the State of California. Employers and claims administrators may use the content of this document and put their logos and additional information on it. The content of this pamphlet applies to all industrial injuries that occur on or after January 1, 2013.

#### WHAT IS WORKERS' COMPENSATION?

If you get hurt on the job, your employer is required by law to pay for workers' compensation benefits. You could get hurt by:

One event at work. Examples: hurting your back in a fall, getting burned by a chemical that splashes on your skin, getting hurt in a car accident while making deliveries.

—or—

Repeated exposures at work. Examples: hurting your wrist from using vibrating tools, losing your hearing because of constant loud noise.

-or-

Workplace crime. Examples: you get hurt in a store robbery, physically attacked by an unhappy customer.

## **Discrimination** is illegal

It is illegal under Labor Code section 132a for your employer to punish or fire you because you:

- File a workers' compensation claim
- Intend to file a workers' compensation claim
- Settle a workers' compensation claim
- Testify or intend to testify for another injured worker.

If it is found that your employer discriminated against you, he or she may be ordered to return you to your job. Your employer may also be made to pay for lost wages, increased workers' compensation benefits, and costs and expenses set by state law.

#### WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS?

• **Medical care**: Paid for by your employer to help you recover from an injury or illness caused by work. Doctor visits, hospital services, physical therapy, lab tests and x-rays are some of the medical services that may be provided. These services should be necessary to treat your injury. There are limits on some services such as physical and occupational therapy and chiropractic care.

- **Temporary disability benefits**: Payments if you lose wages because your injury prevents you from doing your usual job while recovering. The amount you may get is up to two-thirds of your wages. There are minimum and maximum payment limits set by state law. You will be paid every two weeks if you are eligible. For most injuries, payments may not exceed 104 weeks within five years from your date of injury. Temporary disability (TD) stops when you return to work, or when the doctor releases you for work, or says your injury has improved as much as it's going to.
- **Permanent disability benefits**: Payments if you don't recover completely. You will be paid every two weeks if you are eligible. There are minimum and maximum weekly payment rates established by state law. The amount of payment is based on:
  - o Your doctor's medical reports
  - o Your age
  - Your occupation
- **Supplemental job displacement benefits**: This is a voucher for up to \$6,000 that you can use for retraining or skill enhancement at an approved school, books, tools, licenses or certification fees, or other resources to help you find a new job. You are eligible for this youcher if:
  - o You have a permanent disability.
  - O Your employer does not offer regular, modified, or alternative work, within 60 days after the claims administrator receives a doctor's report saying you have made a maximum medical recovery.
- **Death benefits**: Payments to your spouse, children or other dependents if you die from a job injury or illness. The amount of payment is based on the number of dependents. The benefit is paid every two weeks at a rate of at least \$224 per week. In addition, workers' compensation provides a burial allowance.

#### **OTHER BENEFITS**

You may file a claim with the Employment Development Department (EDD) to get state disability benefits when workers' compensation benefits are delayed, denied, or have ended. There are time restrictions so for more information contact the local office of EDD or go to their web site www.edd.ca.gov.

If your injury results in a permanent disability (PD) and the state determines that your PD benefit is disproportionately low compared to your earning loss, you may qualify for additional money from the Department of Industrial Relation's special earnings loss supplement program also known as the return to work program. If you have questions or think you qualify, contact the Information & Assistance Unit by going to www.dwc.ca.gov and looking under "Workers'

Compensation programs and units" for the "Information & Assistance Unit" link or visit the DIR web site at www.dir.ca.gov.

## Workers' compensation fraud is a crime

Any person who makes or causes to be made any knowingly false statement in order to obtain or deny workers' compensation benefits or payments is guilty of a felony. If convicted, the person will have to pay fines up to \$150,000 and/or serve up to five years in jail.

### WHAT SHOULD I DO IF I HAVE AN INJURY?

### Report your injury to your employer

Tell your supervisor right away no matter how slight the injury may be. Don't delay – there are time limits. You could lose your right to benefits if your employer does not learn of your injury within 30 days. If your injury or illness is one that develops over time, report it as soon as you learn it was caused by your job.

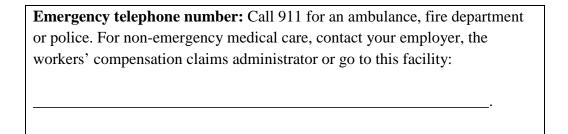
If you cannot report to the employer or don't hear from the claims administrator after you have reported your injury, contact the claims administrator yourself.

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Address:				_	
Phone:					

You may be able to find the name of your employer's workers' compensation insurer at www.caworkcompcoverage.com. If no coverage exists or coverage has expired, contact the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement at www.dir.ca.gov/DLSE as all employees must be covered by law.

#### Get emergency treatment if needed

If it's a medical emergency, go to an emergency room right away. Tell the medical provider who treats you that your injury is job related. Your employer may tell you where to go for follow up treatment.



#### Fill out DWC 1 claim form and give it to your employer

Your employer must give you a <u>DWC 1 claim form</u> within one working day after learning about your injury or illness. Complete the employee portion, sign and give it back to your employer. Your employer will then file your claim with the claims administrator. Your employer must authorize treatment within one working day of receiving the DWC 1 claim form.

If the injury is from repeated exposures, you have one year from when you realized your injury was job related to file a claim.

In either case, you may receive up to \$10,000 in employer-paid medical care until your claim is either accepted or denied. The claims administrator has up to 90 days to decide whether to accept or deny your claim. Otherwise your case is presumed payable.

Your employer or the claims administrator will send you "benefit notices" that will advise you of the status of your claim.

#### MORE ABOUT MEDICAL CARE

### What is a Primary Treating Physician (PTP)?

This is the doctor with overall responsibility for treating your injury or illness. He or she may be:

- The doctor you name in writing before you get hurt on the job
- A doctor from the medical provider network (MPN)
- The doctor chosen by your employer during the first 30 days of injury if your employer does not have an MPN or
- The doctor you chose after the first 30 days if your employer does not have an MPN.

## What is a Medical Provider Network (MPN)?

An MPN is a select group of health care providers who treat injured workers. Check with your employer to see if they are using an MPN.

If you have not named a doctor before you get hurt and your employer is using an MPN, you will see an MPN doctor. After your first visit, you are free to choose another doctor from the MPN list.

#### What is Predesignation?

Predesignation is when you name your regular doctor to treat you if you get hurt on the job. The doctor must be a medical doctor (M.D.), doctor of osteopathic medicine (D.O.) or a medical group with an M.D. or D.O. You must name your doctor in writing *before* you get hurt or become ill.

You may predesignate a doctor if you have health care coverage for non-work injuries and illnesses. The doctor must have:

- Treated you
- Maintained your medical history and records before your injury and
- Agreed to treat you for a work-related injury or illness before you get hurt or become ill.

You may use the "predesignation of personal physician" form included with this pamphlet. After you fill in the form, be sure to give it to your employer.

If your employer does not have an approved MPN, you may name your chiropractor or acupuncturist to treat you for work related injuries. The notice of personal chiropractor or acupuncturist must be in writing *before* you get hurt. You may use the form included in this pamphlet. After you fill in the form, be sure to give it to your employer.

With some exceptions, state law does not allow a chiropractor to continue as your treating physician after 24 visits. Once you have received 24 chiropractic visits, if you still require medical treatment, you will have to select a new physician who is not a chiropractor. The term "chiropractic visit" means any chiropractic office visit, regardless of whether the services performed involve chiropractic manipulation or are limited to evaluation and management.

Exceptions to the prohibition on a chiropractor continuing as your treating physician after 24 visits include postsurgical physical medicine visits prescribed by the surgeon, or physician designated by the surgeon, under the postsurgical component of the Division of Workers' Compensation's Medical Treatment Utilization Schedule, or if your employer has authorized additional visits in writing.

#### WHAT IF THERE IS A PROBLEM?

If you have a concern, speak up. Talk to your employer or the claims administrator handling your claim and try to solve the problem. If this doesn't work, get help by trying the following:

Contact the Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) Information and Assistance (I&A) Unit All 24 DWC offices throughout the state provide information and assistance on rights, benefits and obligations under California's workers' compensation laws. I&A officers help resolve disputes without formal proceedings. Their goal is to get you full and timely benefits. Their services are free.

To contact the nearest I&A Unit, go to <a href="www.dwc.ca.gov">www.dwc.ca.gov</a> and under "Workers' Compensation programs and units", click on "Information & Assistance Unit." At this site you will find fact sheets, guides and information to help you.

The nearest I&A Unit is located at:	
Address:	
Phone number:	_•

#### **Consult with an attorney**

Most attorneys offer one free consultation. If you decide to hire an attorney, his or her fees may be taken out of some of your benefits. For names of workers' compensation attorneys, call the State Bar of California at (415) 538-2120 or go to their website at <a href="www.californiaspecialist.org">www.californiaspecialist.org</a>. You may get a list of attorneys from your local I&A Unit or look in the yellow pages.

#### Warning

Your employer may not pay workers' compensation benefits if you get hurt in a voluntary offduty recreational, social or athletic activity that is not part of your work-related duties.

#### **Additional rights**

You may also have other rights under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) or the Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA). For additional information, contact FEHA at (800) 884-1684 or the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) at (800) 669-4000.

The information contained in this pamphlet conforms to the informational requirements found in Labor Code sections 3551 and 3553 and California Code of Regulation, Title 8, sections 9880 and 9883. This document is approved by the Division of Workers' Compensation administrative director.

Revised 6/17/14 and effective for dates of injuries on or after 1/1/13

#### PREDESIGNATION OF PERSONAL PHYSICIAN

In the event you sustain an injury or illness related to your employment, you may be treated for such injury or illness by your personal medical doctor (M.D.), doctor of osteopathic medicine (D.O.) or medical group if:

- on the date of your work injury you have health care coverage for injuries or illnesses that are not work related;
- the doctor is your regular physician, who shall be either a physician who has limited his or her practice of
  medicine to general practice or who is a board-certified or board-eligible internist, pediatrician,
  obstetrician-gynecologist, or family practitioner, and has previously directed your medical treatment, and
  retains your medical records;
- your "personal physician" may be a medical group if it is a single corporation or partnership composed of licensed doctors of medicine or osteopathy, which operates an integrated multispecialty medical group providing comprehensive medical services predominantly for nonoccupational illnesses and injuries;
- prior to the injury your doctor agrees to treat you for work injuries or illnesses;
- prior to the injury you provided your employer the following in writing: (1) notice that you want your personal doctor to treat you for a work-related injury or illness, and (2) your personal doctor's name and business address.

You may use this form to notify your employer if you wish to have your personal medical doctor or a doctor of osteopathic medicine treat you for a work-related injury or illness and the above requirements are met.

#### NOTICE OF PREDESIGNATION OF PERSONAL PHYSICIAN

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The physician is not required to sign this form, however, if the physician or designated employee of the physician or medical group does not sign, other documentation of the physician's agreement to be predesignated will be required pursuant to Title 8, California Code of Regulations, section 9780.1(a)(3).

**Employee: Complete this section.** 

#### § 9783.1. DWC Form 9783.1 Notice of Personal Chiropractor or Personal Acupuncturist.

#### NOTICE OF PERSONAL CHIROPRACTOR OR PERSONAL ACUPUNCTURIST

If your employer or your employer's insurer does not have a Medical Provider Network, you may be able to change your treating physician to your personal chiropractor or acupuncturist following a work-related injury or illness. In order to be eligible to make this change, you must give your employer the name and business address of a personal chiropractor or acupuncturist in writing prior to the injury or illness. Your claims administrator generally has the right to select your treating physician within the first 30 days after your employer knows of your injury or illness. After your claims administrator has initiated your treatment with another doctor during this period, you may then, upon request, have your treatment transferred to your personal chiropractor or acupuncturist.

**NOTE**: If your date of injury is January 1, 2004 or later, a chiropractor cannot be your treating physician after you have received 24 chiropractic visits unless your employer has authorized additional visits in writing. The term "chiropractic visit" means any chiropractic office visit, regardless of whether the services performed involve chiropractic manipulation or are limited to evaluation and management. Once you have received 24 chiropractic visits, if you still require medical treatment, you will have to select a new physician who is not a chiropractor. This prohibition shall not apply to visits for postsurgical physical medicine visits prescribed by the surgeon, or physician designated by the surgeon, under the postsurgical component of the Division of Workers' Compensation's Medical Treatment Utilization Schedule.

You may use this form to notify your employer of your personal chiropractor or acupuncturist.

**Your Chiropractor or Acupuncturist's Information:** 

-		
(name of chiropractor or acupuncturist)		
(street address, city, state, zip code)		
(telephone number)		 
Employee Name (please print):		
Employee's Address:		
Employee's Signature	Date:	



# **Employee Medical Provider Network Notice**

Please read this packet for information about medical care for work injuries or illnesses.

Keep this information in case you have a work-related injury or illness.

### Our Goal Is Your Safe and Successful Return to Work

Your well-being is important to us. If you are hurt at work, our goal at Omaha National Underwriters, LLC (also called "Omaha National") is to help you get better. This means helping you to get back to your regular activities and work, as soon as it is medically safe. We have a Medical Provider Network (MPN) of skilled doctors and medical providers to give you the best medical care possible.

# Medical Care for a Work-Related Injury or Illness

An MPN is a group of doctors and health care providers. They give medical care to people that are hurt at work. The network has doctors who specialize in treating work-related injuries. It also has doctors with skills in other areas of medicine. The MPN lets you select the doctor to treat your work injuries and illnesses from a list of network providers.

The MPN for your employer and their workers compensation insurance company is handled by Omaha National. The workers compensation insurance company is Preferred Professional Insurance Company. This notice has facts about the MPN program. It also gives details about your rights. Please call your Claims Adjuster or the MPN Medical Access Assistance hotline at 844-761-8400 if you have any questions.

#### Our Medical Provider Network

- Omaha National Medical Provider Network ID Number 3064
- Information about the MPN can be found at our website, <u>mpn.omahanational.com</u>. You may also get a list of all doctors in the network at mpn.omahanational.com.
- If you have any questions about your claim or about medical treatment for your work injury or illness, please contact your Claims Adjuster at 844-761-8400. You may also call our Medical Access Assistant or our Omaha National MPN Contact for help. Their contact information is given below.

Our MPN Medical Access Assistant can help you find MPN providers. They will also help to schedule and confirm medical appointments. They are available Monday through Saturday from 7:00 AM to 8:00 PM Pacific Time. They are closed on Sundays and holidays. Help is available in both English and Spanish.

### **MPN Medical Access Assistants**

Phone 844-761-8400 Fax 844-761-8402

Email documents@omahanational.com

Our Omaha National MPN Contact will answer questions about using the MPN. They will address any complaints about the MPN. They can also help you set up an MPN independent medical review.

#### **MPN Contacts**

Name Omaha National

Title MPN Contact

Address PO Box 451139, Omaha, NE 68145

Phone 844-761-8400

Fax 844-761-8402

Email documents@omahanational.com

## If You Are Injured on the Job or Suffer a Work-Related Illness

In case of an emergency, you should call 911 or go to the closest hospital emergency room.

Tell your supervisor or manager as soon as possible after you receive emergency treatment. If your injury or illness is not an emergency, tell your supervisor or manager right away. They will send you to an MPN provider to receive medical care. Once your claim is reported, your employer will give you a form to complete. It is Form DWC-1 - Workers' Compensation Claim Form & Notice of Potential Eligibility. To protect your rights, you should report every work-related injury or illness. You should also ask for a claim form as soon as possible.

#### Medical Care Within the MPN

An MPN health care provider will give you medical care for your work injury or illness. Please call your employer or Omaha National's Medical Access Assistant at 844-761-8400 to find an MPN provider. They will help you schedule your first medical visit. Your first visit will be within 3 working days. If an appointment with a network provider cannot be scheduled within 3 working days of your request, you may be allowed to get treatment from a doctor outside of the MPN.

After the first medical visit, you may continue to be treated by that doctor. Or you may select another doctor from the MPN to act as your primary care physician. The MPN network provider that you choose will direct your treatment.

If it is needed, you may select a specialist from the network. You may also ask your treating doctor for a referral to a specialist. Some specialists will only accept an appointment with a referral from your treating doctor. These specialists are listed as "by referral only" in the MPN directory. When treatment with a specialist is required, your appointment will be within 20 working days of your request. If an appointment with a network specialist cannot be scheduled within 10 working days of your request, you may be allowed to obtain treatment with an appropriate specialist outside of the MPN.

# Finding and Choosing an MPN Provider

The plan has network providers located all over the state of California. You may view and print a list of all the network providers at our website (mpn.omahanational.com). You may also call the Omaha National MPN Contact at 844-761-8400 to request the list. You may ask for a list of all providers within 15 miles of your workplace and/or home. Or, you may request a list of all providers within the county where you work and/or live. You also have the right to ask for a list of all the MPN providers within the network.

The MPN must include at least 3 doctors in each specialty commonly used to treat work injuries and illnesses in your industry. The network must also give access to primary treating physicians within 30 minutes or 15 miles of your workplace or home. It must provide access to specialists within 60 minutes or 30 miles of your workplace or home. If you cannot find a provider within these limits, please call your Claims Adjuster or our MPN Medical Access Assistant at 844-761-8400. They can help you find a provider in your area. If you live in a rural area or an area where there is a healthcare shortage, there may be a different standard.

If you are not able to find a provider in your area, the Claims Adjuster or the MPN Medical Access Assistant will confirm that there are no MPN providers in the proper specialty who are available to treat your injury within the required distance and timeframes.

Once they confirm this, you will be allowed to seek treatment with a provider outside of the MPN. However, the distance you travel to a non-MPN provider must be less than the distance you would travel to the nearest MPN provider. At times, you may need to see a type of specialist that is not available in the MPN. If so, you have the right to see a specialist that is outside of the network. Any providers you choose should be proper to treat your injury or illness.

## **How to Access List of MPN Providers**

There are two ways to access the website to search for a provider list:

#### Option 1:

- 1. Go directly to our MPN website at: mpn.omahanational.com.
- 2. You will be able to search by provider name, specialty, or location.
- 3. You can request the entire MPN roster of all treating physicians.
- 4. You can request a list of providers within a specific radius.

#### Option 2:

- 1. Go through the Omaha National's website: omahanational.com.
- 2. At the top right-side of the page, click on "Find a Doctor."
- 3. You will be able to search by provider name, specialty, or location.
- 4. You can request the entire MPN roster of all treating physicians.
- 5. You can request a list of providers within a specific radius.

If you need help, please contact your Claims Adjuster or the MPN Medical Access Assistant Hotline at 844-761-8400.

# **Business Travel or Temporarily Working Outside California**

If you have a work injury or illness while working outside of California or MPN geographic service area, contact your supervisor or manager to report your injury. They will help you to get medical care if treatment is needed right away. In case of an emergency, you should call 911 or go to the closest hospital emergency room! You will receive a list of at least three physicians outside the MPN geographic service area.

When you return to California or MPN geographic service area, please contact your Claims Adjuster. They will help you find an MPN provider for any further treatment and transfer your future medical care into the MPN.

### **Relocation Outside California**

If you move outside of California or the MPN geographic service area, but you still need care for your current or existing work injury, you can select a new doctor to treat you. Please call your Claims Adjuster to find a doctor near your new home. You will receive a list of at least three physicians outside the MPN geographic service area.

If your move or relocation is only for a short period during recovery, make sure to let your Claims Adjuster know when you return to California or the MPN geographic service area. The Claims Adjuster will help you return to your prior MPN provider. If you are unable to return to your prior MPN provider, the Claims Adjuster will help you find a new MPN provider.

## **Physician Changes**

If you disagree with your doctor or if you wish to change your doctor for any reason, you may choose another doctor within the MPN. If you select another doctor, please let your Claims Adjuster know as soon as possible. They will send a copy of your medical records and our billing information to the new doctor. You may request a copy of the records that are sent.

## Additional Opinions and MPN Independent Medical Review

If you do not agree with the diagnosis or the treatment planned by your doctor, you may ask for a second opinion from another doctor within the MPN. If you want a second opinion, please call your Claims Adjuster or the MPN Medical Access Assistant at 844-761-8400. Tell them you want a second opinion. They will help you find a provider to give the second opinion. They can give you at least a regional list of MPN providers for you to select a doctor for a second opinion.

To receive the second opinion, you must select the network doctor and make an appointment within 60 days. Once the appointment has been set, you must tell your Claims Adjuster or the Omaha National MPN Contact the doctor you selected. You must give the appointment details so that a copy of your medical records can be sent to the second opinion doctor. You may request a copy of the records that are sent.

Please note, if you do not make the appointment within the 60-day timeframe, you will not be allowed to have a second or third opinion about that disputed diagnosis or treatment.

If the second-opinion doctor feels that your injury or illness is outside of the type of injury that they normally treat, the doctor's office will inform you and Omaha National MPN Contact. If this happens, you will be given a new list of MPN providers for selecting another doctor.

If you do not agree with the second opinion, you may get a third opinion on the matter. If you ask for a third opinion, you will go through the same process that you used to get the second opinion. Like the second opinion process, if you want to obtain a third opinion, you must select the doctor and schedule an appointment within 60 days of receiving another MPN provider list. If the appointment is not made within the 60-day timeframe, you will not be allowed to get the third opinion on the disputed diagnosis or treatment.

If you do not agree with the third-opinion doctor, you may ask for a MPN Independent Medical Review (MPN IMR). You should receive information on how to request an IMR and the form to make a request at the time you select the third-opinion doctor.

If either the second-opinion doctor, third-opinion doctor, or MPN Independent Medical Reviewer agrees with your need for a treatment or medical test, you will be allowed to receive that medical service from an MPN provider. If the network does not include a provider who can give the recommended service, you may choose a physician outside the MPN within a reasonable geographic area.

## **MPN Independent Medical Review**

If you do not agree with the diagnosis or treatment advised by the third-opinion physician, you may ask for an MPN Independent Medical Review (MPN IMR) decision on the dispute. Providers selected by the California Division of Workers' Compensation make these reviews. You may choose to be examined in-person by the IMR doctor, or you may ask the doctor only to review your medical records.

If you would like to request an IMR, you must file an MPN Independent Medical Review Application form with the Division of Workers' Compensation. An IMR doctor who has the proper specialty needed to review your dispute will be chosen. You will receive written notice of their contact information. You may lose your right to the IMR process if you do not schedule an appointment within 60 calendar days from receiving the IMR doctor's contact information from the Division of Workers' Compensation.

You are required to contact the IMR physician for an appointment or to arrange for the medical record review. Appointments with an IMR doctor should be made within 30 days from your request for an appointment. The IMR doctor will serve the report on the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, the Omaha National MPN Contact, you or your attorney, if any, within 20 days after the completion of the medical review, according to the California Code of Regulations 9767.11. After that, a decision will be made on the dispute.

## **Continuity of Care**

Omaha National has a Continuity of Care policy to help you if you request to continue treatment with your treating doctor who decides to leave the MPN. This policy determines whether you can continue treatment for an existing work injury with your doctor for a short period when your doctor is no longer part of the MPN.

If you do not qualify to continue your care with the non-MPN provider, you and your primary treating physician will receive a letter from Omaha National to tell you of this decision. If you meet certain conditions, you may be able to continue treating with this doctor for up to a year before you must choose an MPN physician. These conditions are addressed below.

- Acute The treatment for your injury or illness will be completed in less than 90 days.
- Serious or Chronic Your injury or illness is one that is serious in nature. These injuries or illnesses
  continue for at least 90 days without full recovery or worsen and require ongoing treatment. You may
  be allowed to be treated by your current treating doctor for up to one year until a safe transfer of care
  can be made.
- Terminal You have an incurable illness or irreversible condition that is likely to cause death within one year or less.
- Pending Surgery You already have a surgery or another procedure that has been authorized by Omaha National. The surgery or other procedure is scheduled to occur within 180 days of the MPN effective date, or the end of the contract date between the MPN and your doctor.

You can disagree with the decision to deny you continued treatment with the non-MPN provider. If you want to continue treating with the terminated doctor, ask your primary treating physician for a medical report. The report should state whether you have one of the four conditions stated above to see if you qualify to temporarily continue treating with your current doctor. Your primary treating physician has 20 days from the date of your request to give you a copy of his/her medical report on your condition. If your doctor does not give you the report within 20 days of your request, the decision to deny you continued treatment with your doctor who is no longer participating in the MPN will apply. You will be required to choose an MPN physician.

You will need to give a copy of the report to your Claims Adjuster if you wish to delay the selection of an MPN doctor for treatment. If you or Omaha National disagrees with your doctor's report on your condition, either party can dispute it. Please see the complete Continuity of Care policy for more details. For a copy of the complete Continuity of Care policy, please call your Claims Adjuster or the MPN Medical Access Assistant at 844-761-8400. A copy of the policy is also available in Spanish upon request.

## **Transfer of Care**

If you are already being treated for a work injury or illness before your employer joins the MPN, Omaha National has a Transfer of Care policy. This policy decides if you can continue to be treated for a current work injury for a short period by a doctor outside of the MPN before your care is transferred into the MPN.

If your current doctor is not or does not become a member of the MPN, you may be required to see an MPN doctor. However, if you have properly predesignated a personal physician, you cannot be transferred into the MPN. If you have questions about choosing a doctor, please call your Claims Adjuster or the Omaha National MPN Contact at 844-761-8400. You and your primary treating physician will receive a letter if your employer decides to transfer you into the MPN.

If you meet certain conditions, you may be able to continue to treat with a non-MPN physician for up to a year before you are transferred into the MPN. The conditions that allow you to delay the transfer of your care into the MPN are addressed below.

- Acute The treatment for your injury or illness will be completed in less than 90 days.
- Serious or Chronic Your injury or illness is one that is serious in nature. These injuries or illnesses continue for at least 90 days without full recovery or worsen and require ongoing treatment. You may be allowed to be treated by your current treating doctor for up to one year until a safe transfer of care can be made.
- **Terminal** You have an incurable illness or irreversible condition that is likely to cause death within one year or less.
- Pending Surgery You already have a surgery or another procedure that has been authorized by Omaha National. The surgery or other procedure is scheduled to occur within 180 days of the MPN effective date, or the end of the contract date between the MPN and your doctor.

If you do not want to be transferred into the MPN, ask your primary treating physician for a medical report on whether you have one of the four conditions stated above to allow a delay of your transfer into the MPN.

Your primary treating physician has 20 days from the date of your request to give you a copy of his/her report on your condition. If they do not give you the report within 20 days of your request, your care will be transferred into the MPN and you will be required to use an MPN doctor.

You will need to give a copy of the report to your Claims Adjuster if you wish to delay the transfer of your care. If you or Omaha National disagrees with your doctor's report on your condition, either party may dispute it. Please see the complete Transfer of Care policy for more details.

For a copy of the complete Transfer of Care policy, please call your Claims Adjuster or the MPN Medical Access Assistant at (844) 761-8400. A copy of the policy in Spanish is also available upon request.

# **Questions or Help**

- If you have any questions about your claim or your medical treatment for your work injury or illness, please call your Claims Adjuster at 844-761-8400.
- You can call the MPN Medical Access Assistant at 844-761-8400 if you need help to find MPN providers. They can also schedule and confirm appointments.
- You may always contact the Omaha National MPN Contact at 844-761-8400 if you have questions about the use of the MPN. They can also address any complaints about the MPN.
- You can call the California Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) Information and Assistance office at 800-736-7401 if:
  - You have concerns, complaints, or questions about the MPN
  - o You have concerns, complaints, or questions about the notification process

- You have concerns, complaints, or questions about your medical care for a work injury or illness
- You can also go to the DWC's website at <a href="www.dir.ca.gov/dwc">www.dir.ca.gov/dwc</a> and click on "medical provider networks" for more information about MPNs.
- If you have questions about the MPN Independent Medical Review process contact the DWC's Medical Unit at: DWC Medical Unit, PO Box 71010, Oakland, CA 94612. You may also call them at 510-286-3700 or 800-794-6900.



# Notice to Victims of Workplace Crime

If you are a victim of a crime that occurred at your place of employment, you may be eligible for workers compensation for any injuries, including psychiatric or mental injuries, that resulted from the workplace crime.

If you have been injured, please notify your supervisor immediately or call Omaha National at 844-761-8400.

# Workers' Compensation Claim Form (DWC 1) & Notice of Potential Eligibility Formulario de Reclamo de Compensación de Trabajadores (DWC 1) y Notificación de Posible Elegibilidad



If you are injured or become ill, either physically or mentally, because of your job, including injuries resulting from a workplace crime, you may be entitled to workers' compensation benefits. Use the attached form to file a workers' compensation claim with your employer. You should read all of the information below. Keep this sheet and all other papers for your records. You may be eligible for some or all of the benefits listed depending on the nature of your claim. If you file a claim, the claims administrator, who is responsible for handling your claim, must notify you within 14 days whether your claim is accepted or whether additional investigation is needed.

To file a claim, complete the "Employee" section of the form, keep one copy and give the rest to your employer. Do this right away to avoid problems with your claim. In some cases, benefits will not start until you inform your employer about your injury by filing a claim form. Describe your injury completely. Include every part of your body affected by the injury. If you mail the form to your employer, use first-class or certified mail. If you buy a return receipt, you will be able to prove that the claim form was mailed and when it was delivered. Within one working day after you file the claim form, your employer must complete the "Employer" section, give you a dated copy, keep one copy, and send one to the claims administrator.

Medical Care: Your claims administrator will pay for all reasonable and necessary medical care for your work injury or illness. Medical benefits are subject to approval and may include treatment by a doctor, hospital services, physical therapy, lab tests, x-rays, medicines, equipment and travel costs. Your claims administrator will pay the costs of approved medical services directly so you should never see a bill. There are limits on chiropractic, physical therapy, and other occupational therapy visits.

The Primary Treating Physician (PTP) is the doctor with the overall responsibility for treatment of your injury or illness.

- If you previously designated your personal physician or a medical group, you may see your personal physician or the medical group after you are injured.
- If your employer is using a medical provider network (MPN) or Health Care
  Organization (HCO), in most cases, you will be treated in the MPN or HCO
  unless you predesignated your personal physician or a medical group. An
  MPN is a group of health care providers who provide treatment to workers
  injured on the job. You should receive information from your employer if
  you are covered by an HCO or a MPN. Contact your employer for more
  information.
- If your employer is not using an MPN or HCO, in most cases, the claims administrator can choose the doctor who first treats you unless you predesignated your personal physician or a medical group.
- If your employer has not put up a poster describing your rights to workers' compensation, you may be able to be treated by your personal physician right after you are injured.

Within one working day after you file a claim form, your employer or the claims administrator must authorize up to \$10,000 in treatment for your injury, consistent with the applicable treating guidelines until the claim is accepted or rejected. If the employer or claims administrator does not authorize treatment right away, talk to your supervisor, someone else in management, or the claims administrator. Ask for treatment to be authorized right now, while waiting for a decision on your claim. If the employer or claims administrator will not authorize treatment, use your own health insurance to get medical care. Your health insurer will seek reimbursement from the claims administrator. If you do not have health insurance, there are doctors, clinics or hospitals that will treat you without immediate payment. They will seek reimbursement from the claims administrator.

#### **Switching to a Different Doctor as Your PTP:**

- If you are being treated in a Medical Provider Network (MPN), you may switch to other doctors within the MPN after the first visit.
- If you are being treated in a Health Care Organization (HCO), you may switch at least one time to another doctor within the HCO. You may switch to a doctor outside the HCO 90 or 180 days after your injury is reported to your employer (depending on whether you are covered by employerprovided health insurance).
- If you are not being treated in an MPN or HCO and did not predesignate, you may switch to a new doctor one time during the first 30 days after your injury is reported to your employer. Contact the claims administrator to switch doctors. After 30 days, you may switch to a doctor of your choice if

Si Ud. se lesiona o se enferma, ya sea físicamente o mentalmente, debido a su trabajo, incluyendo lesiones que resulten de un crimen en el lugar de trabajo, es posible que Ud. tenga derecho a beneficios de compensación de trabajadores. Utilice el formulario adjunto para presentar un reclamo de compensación de trabajadores con su empleador. Ud. debe leer toda la información a continuación. Guarde esta hoja y todos los demás documentos para sus archivos. Es posible que usted reúna los requisitos para todos los beneficios, o parte de éstos, que se enumeran dependiendo de la índole de su reclamo. Si usted presenta un reclamo, l administrador de reclamos, quien es responsable por el manejo de su reclamo, debe notificarle dentro de 14 días si se acepta su reclamo o si se necesita investigación adicional.

Para presentar un reclamo, llene la sección del formulario designada para el "Empleado," guarde una copia, y déle el resto a su empleador. Haga esto de inmediato para evitar problemas con su reclamo. En algunos casos, los beneficios no se iniciarán hasta que usted le informe a su empleador acerca de su lesión mediante la presentación de un formulario de reclamo. Describa su lesión por completo. Incluya cada parte de su cuerpo afectada por la lesión. Si usted le envía por correo el formulario a su empleador, utilice primera clase o correo certificado. Si usted compra un acuse de recibo, usted podrá demostrar que el formulario de reclamo fue enviado por correo y cuando fue entregado. Dentro de un día laboral después de presentar el formulario de reclamo, su empleador debe completar la sección designada para el "Empleador," le dará a Ud. una copia fechada, guardará una copia, y enviará una al administrador de reclamos.

Atención Médica: Su administrador de reclamos pagará por toda la atención médica razonable y necesaria para su lesión o enfermedad relacionada con el trabajo. Los beneficios médicos están sujetos a la aprobación y pueden incluir tratamiento por parte de un médico, los servicios de hospital, la terapia física, los análisis de laboratorio, las medicinas, equipos y gastos de viaje. Su administrador de reclamos pagará directamente los costos de los servicios médicos aprobados de manera que usted nunca verá una factura. Hay límites en terapia quiropráctica, física y otras visitas de terapia ocupacional.

El Médico Primario que le Atiende (*Primary Treating Physician- PTP*) es el médico con la responsabilidad total para tratar su lesión o enfermedad.

- Si usted designó previamente a su médico personal o a un grupo médico, usted podrá ver a su médico personal o grupo médico después de lesionarse.
- Si su empleador está utilizando una red de proveedores médicos (Medical Provider Network- MPN) o una Organización de Cuidado Médico (Health Care Organization- HCO), en la mayoría de los casos, usted será tratado en la MPN o HCO a menos que usted hizo una designación previa de su médico personal o grupo médico. Una MPN es un grupo de proveedores de asistencia médica quien da tratamiento a los trabajadores lesionados en el trabajo. Usted debe recibir información de su empleador si su tratamiento es cubierto por una HCO o una MPN. Hable con su empleador para más información.
- Si su empleador no está utilizando una MPN o HCO, en la mayoría de los casos, el administrador de reclamos puede elegir el médico que lo atiende primero a menos de que usted hizo una designación previa de su médico personal o grupo médico.
- Si su empleador no ha colocado un cartel describiendo sus derechos para la compensación de trabajadores, Ud. puede ser tratado por su médico personal inmediatamente después de lesionarse.

Dentro de un día laboral después de que Ud. Presente un formulario de reclamo, su empleador o el administrador de reclamos debe autorizar hasta \$10000 en tratamiento para su lesión, de acuerdo con las pautas de tratamiento aplicables, hasta que el reclamo sea aceptado o rechazado. Si el empleador o administrador de reclamos no autoriza el tratamiento de inmediato, hable con su supervisor, alguien más en la gerencia, o con el administrador de reclamos. Pida que el tratamiento sea autorizado ya mismo, mientras espera una decisión sobre su reclamo. Si el empleador o administrador de reclamos no autoriza el tratamiento, utilice su propio seguro médico para recibir atención médica. Su compañía de seguro médico buscará reembolso del administrador de reclamos. Si usted no tiene seguro médico, hay médicos, clínicas u hospitales que lo tratarán sin pago inmediato. Ellos buscarán reembolso del administrador de reclamos.

#### Cambiando a otro Médico Primario o PTP:

• Si usted está recibiendo tratamiento en una Red de Proveedores Médicos

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your employer or the claims administrator has not created or selected an MPN.

<u>Disclosure of Medical Records</u>: After you make a claim for workers' compensation benefits, your medical records will not have the same level of privacy that you usually expect. If you don't agree to voluntarily release medical records, a workers' compensation judge may decide what records will be released. If you request privacy, the judge may "seal" (keep private) certain medical records.

<u>Problems with Medical Care and Medical Reports</u>: At some point during your claim, you might disagree with your PTP about what treatment is necessary. If this happens, you can switch to other doctors as described above. If you cannot reach agreement with another doctor, the steps to take depend on whether you are receiving care in an MPN, HCO, or neither. For more information, see "Learn More About Workers' Compensation," below.

If the claims administrator denies treatment recommended by your PTP, you may request independent medical review (IMR) using the request form included with the claims administrator's written decision to deny treatment. The IMR process is similar to the group health IMR process, and takes approximately 40 (or fewer) days to arrive at a determination so that appropriate treatment can be given. Your attorney or your physician may assist you in the IMR process. IMR is not available to resolve disputes over matters other than the medical necessity of a particular treatment requested by your physician.

If you disagree with your PTP on matters other than treatment, such as the cause of your injury or how severe the injury is, you can switch to other doctors as described above. If you cannot reach agreement with another doctor, notify the claims administrator in writing as soon as possible. In some cases, you risk losing the right to challenge your PTP's opinion unless you do this promptly. If you do not have an attorney, the claims administrator must send you instructions on how to be seen by a doctor called a qualified medical evaluator (QME) to help resolve the dispute. If you have an attorney, the claims administrator may try to reach agreement with your attorney on a doctor called an agreed medical evaluator (AME). If the claims administrator disagrees with your PTP on matters other than treatment, the claims administrator can require you to be seen by a QME or AME.

Payment for Temporary Disability (Lost Wages): If you can't work while you are recovering from a job injury or illness, you may receive temporary disability payments for a limited period. These payments may change or stop when your doctor says you are able to return to work. These benefits are tax-free. Temporary disability payments are two-thirds of your average weekly pay, within minimums and maximums set by state law. Payments are not made for the first three days you are off the job unless you are hospitalized overnight or cannot work for more than 14 days.

Stay at Work or Return to Work: Being injured does not mean you must stop working. If you can continue working, you should. If not, it is important to go back to work with your current employer as soon as you are medically able. Studies show that the longer you are off work, the harder it is to get back to your original job and wages. While you are recovering, your PTP, your employer (supervisors or others in management), the claims administrator, and your attorney (if you have one) will work with you to decide how you will stay at work or return to work and what work you will do. Actively communicate with your PTP, your employer, and the claims administrator about the work you did before you were injured, your medical condition and the kinds of work you can do now, and the kinds of work that your employer could make available to you.

Payment for Permanent Disability: If a doctor says you have not recovered completely from your injury and you will always be limited in the work you can do, you may receive additional payments. The amount will depend on the type of injury, extent of impairment, your age, occupation, date of injury, and your wages before you were injured.

<u>Supplemental Job Displacement Benefit (SJDB)</u>: If you were injured on or after 1/1/04, and your injury results in a permanent disability and your employer does not offer regular, modified, or alternative work, you may qualify for a nontransferable voucher payable for retraining and/or skill enhancement. If you qualify, the claims administrator will pay the costs up to the maximum set by state law.

Death Benefits: If the injury or illness causes death, payments may be made to a

- (Medical Provider Network- MPN), usted puede cambiar a otros médicos dentro de la MPN después de la primera visita.
- Si usted está recibiendo tratamiento en un Organización de Cuidado Médico (Healthcare Organization- HCO), es posible cambiar al menos una vez a otro médico dentro de la HCO. Usted puede cambiar a un médico fuera de la HCO 90 o 180 días después de que su lesión es reportada a su empleador (dependiendo de si usted está cubierto por un seguro médico proporcionado por su empleador).
- Si usted no está recibiendo tratamiento en una MPN o HCO y no hizo una designación previa, usted puede cambiar a un nuevo médico una vez durante los primeros 30 días después de que su lesión es reportada a su empleador. Póngase en contacto con el administrador de reclamos para cambiar de médico. Después de 30 días, puede cambiar a un médico de su elección si su empleador o el administrador de reclamos no ha creado o seleccionado una MPN.

<u>Divulgación de Expedientes Médicos</u>: Después de que Ud. presente un reclamo para beneficios de compensación de trabajadores, sus expedientes médicos no tendrán el mismo nivel de privacidad que usted normalmente espera. Si Ud. no está de acuerdo en divulgar voluntariamente los expedientes médicos, un juez de compensación de trabajadores posiblemente decida qué expedientes serán revelados. Si usted solicita privacidad, es posible que el juez "selle" (mantenga privados) ciertos expedientes médicos.

<u>Problemas con la Atención Médica y los Informes Médicos</u>: En algún momento durante su reclamo, podría estar en desacuerdo con su *PTP* sobre qué tratamiento es necesario. Si esto sucede, usted puede cambiar a otros médicos como se describe anteriormente. Si no puede llegar a un acuerdo con otro médico, los pasos a seguir dependen de si usted está recibiendo atención en una *MPN*, *HCO* o ninguna de las dos. Para más información, consulte la sección "Aprenda Más Sobre la Compensación de Trabajadores," a continuación.

Si el administrador de reclamos niega el tratamiento recomendado por su *PTP*, puede solicitar una revisión médica independiente (*Independent Medical Review-IMR*), utilizando el formulario de solicitud que se incluye con la decisión por escrito del administrador de reclamos negando el tratamiento. El proceso de la *IMR* es parecido al proceso de la *IMR* de un seguro médico colectivo, y tarda aproximadamente 40 (o menos) días para llegar a una determinación de manera que se pueda dar un tratamiento apropiado. Su abogado o su médico le pueden ayudar en el proceso de la *IMR*. La *IMR* no está disponible para resolver disputas sobre cuestiones aparte de la necesidad médica de un tratamiento particular solicitado por su médico.

Si no está de acuerdo con su *PTP* en cuestiones aparte del tratamiento, como la causa de su lesión o la gravedad de la lesión, usted puede cambiar a otros médicos como se describe anteriormente. Si no puede llegar a un acuerdo con otro médico, notifique al administrador de reclamos por escrito tan pronto como sea posible. En algunos casos, usted arriesg perder el derecho a objetar a la opinión de su *PTP* a menos que hace esto de inmediato. Si usted no tiene un abogado, el administrador de reclamos debe enviarle instrucciones para ser evaluado por un médico llamado un evaluador médico calificado (*Qualified Medical Evaluator-QME*) para ayudar a resolver la disputa. Si usted tiene un abogado, el administrador de reclamos puede tratar de llegar a un acuerdo con su abogado sobre un médico llamado un evaluador médico acordado (*Agreed Medical Evaluator-AME*). Si el administrador de reclamos no está de acuerdo con su *PTP* sobre asuntos aparte del tratamiento, el administrador de reclamos puede exigirle que sea atendido por un *QME* o *AME*.

Pago por Incapacidad Temporal (Sueldos Perdidos): Si Ud. no puede trabajar, mientras se está recuperando de una lesión o enfermedad relacionada con el trabajo, Ud. puede recibir pagos por incapacidad temporal por un periodo limitado. Estos pagos pueden cambiar o parar cuando su médico diga que Ud. está en condiciones de regresar a trabajar. Estos beneficios son libres de impuestos. Los pagos por incapacidad temporal son dos tercios de su pago semanal promedio, con cantidades mínimas y máximas establecidas por las leyes estales. Los pagos no se hacen durante los primeros tres días en que Ud. no trabaje, a menos que Ud. sea hospitalizado una noche o no puede trabajar durante más de 14 días.

**Permanezca en el Trabajo o Regreso al Trabajo:** Estar lesionado no significa que usted debe dejar de trabajar. Si usted puede seguir trabajando, usted debe hacerlo. Si no es así, es importante regresar a trabajar con su empleador actual tan

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spouse and other relatives or household members who were financially dependent on the deceased worker.

<u>It is illegal for your employer</u> to punish or fire you for having a job injury or illness, for filing a claim, or testifying in another person's workers' compensation case (Labor Code 132a). If proven, you may receive lost wages, job reinstatement, increased benefits, and costs and expenses up to limits set by the state.

Resolving Problems or Disputes: You have the right to disagree with decisions affecting your claim. If you have a disagreement, contact your employer or claims administrator first to see if you can resolve it. If you are not receiving benefits, you may be able to get State Disability Insurance (SDI) or unemployment insurance (UI) benefits. Call the state Employment Development Department at (800) 480-3287 or (866) 333-4606, or go to their website at www.edd.ca.gov.

You Can Contact an Information & Assistance (I&A) Officer: State I&A officers answer questions, help injured workers, provide forms, and help resolve problems. Some I&A officers hold workshops for injured workers. To obtain important information about the workers' compensation claims process and your rights and obligations, go to www.dwc.ca.gov or contact an I&A officer of the state Division of Workers' Compensation. You can also hear recorded information and a list of local I&A offices by calling (800) 736-7401.

You can consult with an attorney. Most attorneys offer one free consultation. If you decide to hire an attorney, his or her fee will be taken out of some of your benefits. For names of workers' compensation attorneys, call the State Bar of California at (415) 538-2120 or go to their website at www.californiaspecialist.org.

Learn More About Workers' Compensation: For more information about the workers' compensation claims process, go to www.dwc.ca.gov. At the website, you can access a useful booklet, "Workers' Compensation in California: A Guidebook for Injured Workers." You can also contact an Information & Assistance Officer (above), or hear recorded information by calling 1-800-736-7401

pronto como usted pueda medicamente hacerlo. Los estudios demuestran que entre más tiempo esté fuera del trabajo, más difícil es regresar a su trabajo original y a sus salarios. Mientras se está recuperando, su *PTP*, su empleador (supervisores u otras personas en la gerencia), el administrador de reclamos, y su abogado (si tiene uno) trabajarán con usted para decidir cómo va a permanecer en el trabajo o regresar al trabajo y qué trabajo hará. Comuníquese de manera activa con su *PTP*, su empleador y el administrador de reclamos sobre el trabajo que hizo antes de lesionarse, su condición médica y los tipos de trabajo que usted puede hacer ahora y los tipos de trabajo que su empleador podría poner a su disposición.

Pago por Incapacidad Permanente: Si un médico dice que no se ha recuperado completamente de su lesión y siempre será limitado en el trabajo que puede hacer, es posible que Ud. reciba pagos adicionales. La cantidad dependerá de la clase de lesión, grado de deterioro, su edad, ocupación, fecha de la lesión y sus salarios antes de lesionarse.

Beneficio Suplementario por Desplazamiento de Trabajo (Supplemental Job Displacement Benefit- SJDB): Si Ud. se lesionó en o después del 1/1/04, y su lesión resulta en una incapacidad permanente y su empleador no ofrece un trabajo regular, modificado, o alternativo, usted podría cumplir los requisitos para recibir un vale no-transferible pagadero a una escuela para recibir un nuevo un curso de reentrenamiento y/o mejorar su habilidad. Si Ud. cumple los requisios, el administrador de reclamos pagará los gastos hasta un máximo establecido por las leyes estatales.

Beneficios por Muerte: Si la lesión o enfermedad causa la muerte, es posible que los pagos se hagan a un cónyuge y otros parientes o a las personas que viven en el hogar que dependían económicamente del trabajador difunto.

Es ilegal que su empleador le castigue o despida por sufrir una lesión o enfermedad laboral, por presentar un reclamo o por testificar en el caso de compensación de trabajadores de otra persona. (Código Laboral, sección 132a.) De ser probado, usted puede recibir pagos por pérdida de sueldos, reposición del trabajo, aumento de beneficios y gastos hasta los límites establecidos por el estado.

Resolviendo problemas o disputas: Ud. tiene derecho a no estar de acuerdo con las decisiones que afecten su reclamo. Si Ud. tiene un desacuerdo, primero comuníquese con su empleador o administrador de reclamos para ver si usted puede resolverlo. Si usted no está recibiendo beneficios, es posible que Ud. pueda obtener beneficios del Seguro Estatalde Incapacidad (State Disability Insurance-SDI) o beneficios del desempleo (Unemployment Insurance-UI). Llame al Departamento del Desarrollo del Empleo estatal al (800) 480-3287 o (866) 333-4606, o visite su página Web en www.edd.ca.gov.

Puede Contactar a un Oficial de Información y Asistencia (Information & Assistance- I&A): Los Oficiales de Información y Asistencia (I&A) estatal contestan preguntas, ayudan a los trabajadores lesionados, proporcionan formularios y ayudan a resolver problemas. Algunos oficiales de I&A tienen talleres para trabajadores lesionados. Para obtener información importante sobre el proceso de la compensación de trabajadores y sus derechos y obligaciones, vaya a www.dwc.ca.gov o comuníquese con un oficial de información y asistencia de la División Estatal de Compensación de Trabajadores. También puede escuchar información grabada y una lista de las oficinas de I&A locales llamando al (800) 736-7401.

<u>Ud. puede consultar con un abogado</u>. La mayoría de los abogados ofrecen una consulta gratis. Si Ud. decide contratar a un abogado, los honorarios serán tomados de algunos de sus beneficios. Para obtener nombres de abogados de compensación de trabajadores, llame a la Asociación Estatal de Abogados de California (*State Bar*) al (415) 538-2120, o consulte su página Web en www.californiaspecialist.org.

Aprenda Más Sobre la Compensación de Trabajadores: Para obtener más información sobre el proceso de reclamos del programa de compensación de trabajadores, vaya a www.dwc.ca.gov. En la página Web, podrá acceder a un folleto útil, "Compensación del Trabajador de California: Una Guía para Trabajadores Lesionados." También puede contactar a un oficial de Información y Asistencia (arriba), o escuchar información grabada llamando al 1-800-736-7401.

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Estado de California Departamento de Relaciones Industriales DIVISION DE COMPENSACIÓN AL TRABAJADOR

#### WORKERS' COMPENSATION CLAIM FORM (DWC 1)

**Employee:** Complete the "**Employee**" section and give the form to your employer. Keep a copy and mark it "**Employee's Temporary Receipt**" until you receive the signed and dated copy from your employer. You may call the Division of Workers' Compensation and hear recorded information at (800) 736-7401. An explanation of workers' compensation benefits is included in the Notice of Potential Eligibility, which is the cover sheet of this form. Detach and save this notice for future reference.

You should also have received a pamphlet from your employer describing workers' compensation benefits and the procedures to obtain them. You may receive written notices from your employer or its claims administrator about your claim. If your claims administrator offers to send you notices electronically, and you agree to receive these notices only by email, please provide your email address below and check the appropriate box. If you later decide you want to receive the notices by mail, you must inform your employer in writing.

Any person who makes or causes to be made any knowingly false or fraudulent material statement or material representation for the purpose of obtaining or denying workers' compensation benefits or payments is guilty of a felony.

#### PETITION DEL EMPLEADO PARA DE COMPENSACIÓN DEL TRABAJADOR (DWC 1)

Empleado: Complete la sección "Empleado" y entregue la forma a su empleador. Quédese con la copia designada "Recibo Temporal del Empleado" hasta que Ud. reciba la copia firmada y fechada de su empleador. Ud. puede llamar a la Division de Compensación al Trabajador al (800) 736-7401 para oir información gravada. Una explicación de los beneficios de compensación de trabajadores está incluido en la Notificación de Posible Elegibilidad, que es la hoja de portada de esta forma. Separe y guarde esta notificación como referencia para el futuro.

Ud. también debería haber recibido de su empleador un folleto describiendo los benficios de compensación al trabajador lesionado y los procedimientos para obtenerlos. Es posible que reciba notificaciones escritas de su empleador o de su administrador de reclamos sobre su reclamo. Si su administrador de reclamos ofrece enviarle notificaciones electrónicamente, y usted acepta recibir estas notificaciones solo por correo electrónico, por favor proporcione su dirección de correo electrónico abajo y marque la caja apropiada. Si usted decide después que quiere recibir las notificaciones por correo, usted debe de informar a su empleador por escrito.

Toda aquella persona que a propósito haga o cause que se produzca cualquier declaración o representación material falsa o fraudulenta con el fin de obtener o negar beneficios o pagos de compensación a trabajadores lesionados es culpable de un crimen mayor "felonia".

1. Name. Nombre.				
2. Home Address. Dirección Residencial	The Collins Board			
4. Date of Injury. Fecha de la lesión (accidente).	Zip. Codigo Postal.			
Date of Injury. Fecha de la lesion (accidente).      Address and description of where injury happened. Dirección/lugar dónde occuri.				
5. Address and description of where injury happened. Direction/lugar aonae occurs	o et acciaente			
6. Describe injury and part of body affected. Describa la lesión y parte del cuerpo a	fectada			
7. Social Security Number. Número de Seguro Social del Empleado				
8. Check if you agree to receive notices about your claim by email only. <i>electrónico</i> . Employee's e-mail				
	claims administrator does not offer, an electronic service option. <i>Usted recibirá</i> udor de reclamos no le ofrece, una opción de servicio electrónico.			
Employer—complete this section and see note below. Empleador—complete esta	a sección y note la notación abajo.			
10. Name of employer. Nombre del empleador.				
11. Address. Dirección.				
12. Date employer first knew of injury. Fecha en que el empleador supo por primera vez de la lesión o accidente.				
13. Date claim form was provided to employee. Fecha en que se le entregó al empleado la petición.				
14. Date employer received claim form. Fecha en que el empleado devolvió la petic.	•			
15. Name and address of insurance carrier or adjusting agency. <i>Nombre y dirección de la compañía de seguros o agencia adminstradora de seguros</i>				
16. Insurance Policy Number. El número de la póliza de Seguro				
17. Signature of employer representative. Firma del representante del empleador.				
18. Title. <i>Título</i> 19. Telephone.				
17/ 130phone	Total Control			
<b>Employer:</b> You are required to date this form and provide copies to your insurer or claims administrator and to the employee, dependent or representative who filed the claim within <b>one working day</b> of receipt of the form from the employee.  SIGNING THIS FORM IS NOT AN ADMISSION OF LIABILITY	Empleador: Se requiere que Ud. feche esta forma y que provéa copias a su compañía de seguros, administrador de reclamos, o dependiente/representante de reclamos y al empleado que hayan presentado esta petición dentro del plazo de un día hábil desde el momento de haber sido recibida la forma del empleado.			
	EL FIRMAR ESTA FORMA NO SIGNIFICA ADMISION DE RESPONSABILIDAD			
Employer copy/Copia del Empleador Employee copy/Copia del Empleado Claims	Administrator/Administrador de Reclamos Temporary Receipt/Recibo del Empleado			

# **Employee Acknowledgement Form**

Employee Name	Employer
Date Hired	
Employer:	
1. Give the	DWC Time of Hire Pamphlet to new employees when they are hired or by the end of their first pay
in advan 3. Have the 4. When you Medical signed for 5. Please of	If the Predesignation Form (DWC-9783) is attached to the pamphlet. An employee can use it to choose ce to have their personal doctor treat work injuries. It is new employee complete and sign Section One below. Save a copy in their employee file. It is ultimate a work-related injury has happened, you must give the injured worker a copy of the Employee Provider Network Notice. Then, have the employee sign Section Two of this form. Send a copy of the form to Omaha National. Ontact us at 844-761-8400 if you have any questions. Additional copies of the pamphlet and forms our website at omahanational.com.
Employee:	
<ol> <li>This form</li> <li>You can</li> </ol>	n confirms your employer gave you documents about workers compensation. use the Predesignation Form to choose to have your personal doctor treat you if you get hurt at work. s, you must:
	Give your employer written notice that you want your personal doctor to treat you for work injuries. The notice must be provided before an injury occurs and needs to contain the doctor's name and address;
<ol><li>Get you informat</li></ol>	Have healthcare coverage (for injuries or illnesses not related to work) in a plan, policy, or fund; and personal doctor to agree to treat you for any work injuries. The Employee MPN Notice contains ion about the Omaha National Medical Provider Network. It also has information on how to get medical your work injury.
Section One	: Confirmation of DWC Time of Hire Pamphlet and Predesignation Form
	employer gave me copies of the following documents: Hire Pamphlet
	783 - Notice of Predesignation of Personal Physician (attached to the DWC Time of Hire Pamphlet) it is my duty to tell my employer I have a work injury as soon as the injury happens.
Signature	
Printed Name	Date
Section Two:	Confirmation of Employee Medical Provider Network Notice
	employer gave me a copy of the Employee Medical Provider Network (MPN) Notice. I understand that a provider from the MPN unless I elected to be treated by my personal doctor.
	orm. I fully understand its entire contents. I have asked questions about anything that was not clear fied with the answers I have received. I understand I have a right to ask for a copy of this form.
Signature	
Printed Name	Date